



ALEXANDRIA, VA.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, NOV. 30

As entire page of one of the New York papers of last Sunday was devoted to scenes following the assassination of President Lincoln on April 14, 1865, and speculations on the final disposition of the body of John Wilkes Booth. The writer, among other things, says:

Nine days after the national tragedy Booth lay dead in the new grass on the Garrett farm in Caroline county, Va. He had made good his escape from Washington by hard riding across the Long Bridge which spans the Potomac, swinging wide into the wild country with one foot in the stirrup and the other hanging limp and broken. At Alexandria the fractured member was swathed in splints and again he pressed on in the darkness.

That Booth left Washington in an opposite direction is well-known. He did not escape over the Long Bridge into Virginia. He made his way across the Navy Yard bridge from Washington into Maryland, where his leg was set by Doctor Mudd, who was afterwards sent to the Dry Tortugas for his services to the assassin. Booth subsequently crossed the Potomac and went to the Garrett farm where he was shot to death in a burning barn.

Several years ago an article of an Ohio newspaper visited Alexandria. Upon his return to his home he attempted to write a description of the dual tragedy at the Marshall House on May 24, 1861. He prefaced his article by saying that he had come to this city for the express purpose of writing a true account of the killing of Ellsworth and Jackson. After describing Ellsworth's procedure in entering the hotel and taking possession of the Confederate flag, the writer went on to say that Jackson emerged from a room and shot the colonel dead, and at this juncture Jackson was shot by Sergeant Boston Corbett. The latter, it will be remembered, killed Booth, Jackson having been shot by Corporal Brownell, of the New York Fire Zouaves.

There are many echoes of the recent election, and numbers of republicans heretofore prominent in the councils of the nation had their fences prostrated. Massachusetts politicians now in Washington believe Senator Lodge will risk defeat for re-election if he remains in the contest in that state. Friends as well as opponents of Mr. Lodge characterize the situation as delicate for him. One of the keenest politicians in the Massachusetts delegation says:

It is a question of how many republicans will go into a caucus on the re-election. Nobody knows that now. The republicans have a majority of only 27 on joint ballot, of whom 7 are understood to be Ames men. Unless there are enough willing to go into a caucus for Lodge to bind the rest of the party, it looks very doubtful for Mr. Lodge. At present it looks as though there will be hardly enough in caucus to act, if Lodge remains in the race.

There is strong opposition throughout Massachusetts to Lodge. Mr. Foss intends to tour the state against Lodge, whom he wants to meet in joint debate. The caucus is not to be called until the Legislature meets in January. Before that time his opponents believe Senator Lodge will withdraw from the race. He now believes he can pull through, but the current is said to be running too strongly against him. Theodore Roosevelt's first connection with politics since the disastrous events of the 8th instant, was in conference today with Lodge on the possibilities of the latter's campaign for re-election. This is believed to be a bad omen for Lodge.

Strikes are expensive. Representatives of the striking garment workers of the clothing firms involved and of the Chicago Common Council designated as a peace committee are endeavoring to end the strike, which has already cost approximately \$5,000,000 in wages \$7,500,000 in business and has affected 15,000 families, many of whom are in want at the advent of winter. Of course the holiday season will be a dismal period to such.

In his message to Congress, now being prepared, President Taft will urge the passage of a pension retirement bill for civil employees. It is not likely that he will advocate any particular bill, but will leave this phase of the matter to Congress. It looks as though some people want to make this country one of pensioners.

According to a dispatch from New York, published elsewhere in the Gazette, Dr. Cook in a written statement, says he was "half-mad" when he imagined he reached the North Pole. In by gone days some of the old school of colored people, when they "experienced religion," made visits to Tardus. They recounted

their imaginary observations so often that they believed them. Dr. Cook's visit to the North Pole, according to his own admissions, must now take its place with Mahomet's journey to heaven while astride of Al Berak and Baron Munchausen's trips to the North Star and moon.

FROM WASHINGTON

The census office today announced the 1910 enumeration for Minnesota and Tennessee: Minnesota, 2,075,708; increase, 324,314 or 15.6 per cent. This gives Minnesota one additional congressional seat. Tennessee, 2,184,789; increase, 104,173 or 5.1 per cent. Tennessee's gain is not sufficient to give it another congressman.

"I honestly believe that Dr. Cook is a public faker and is trying, through his confession, to rehabilitate himself in the good graces of the American people," said President Gannett of the National Geographic Society today. "Further, I do not believe that Cook was insane. 'I am sorry but I think he will succeed in a measure in regaining the confidence of the American people because those who first welcomed him with open arms will now accept his excuse that he was insane at the time and made his claim in good faith.'"

The state of West Virginia today faces the prospect of being unrepresented in the upper house when Congress convenes next Monday. Both senators are ill and their conditions are such as to cause alarm. Senator Scott is at the New Willard Hotel suffering with a nervous breakdown and ulcer of the stomach. Senator Elkins, who is at his home, is said to be in a very serious condition despite the encouraging reports of his convalescence. Senator Scott's condition showed some improvement today. In his case there is no immediate danger, but the possibility of complications causes apprehension. It is not likely that he will be able to attend the opening session of Congress. In Senator Elkins' case the reports are conflicting. His physicians say officially that he is improving, but others in a position to know something of the senator's condition do not take this optimistic view. They say that improvement is doubtful and that he is borne out by the fact that protracted consultations by physicians have been held within the last day or two.

A warning against the predatory bills of lading by railroads was issued by the Interstate Commerce Commission today. An order issued by the Commission last January called the attention of the railroads to the fact that a false entry as to date, upon a bill of lading, was a misdemeanor and that criminal action would be brought against those guilty of the offense. Now it appears that certain railroads at Chicago and other points are issuing bills of lading showing a date prior to that on which shipping instructions are received by a carrier. Loss to buyers of freight results and the commission again warns the railroads to obey the law.

"Personal business" was the errand which President McKenna, the Pennsylvania Railroad, declared brought him to Washington today for a conference with President Taft. The railroad magnate could not be coaxed into a definition of what was meant by personal business. Asked as to his opinion on business conditions and particularly regarding his view of James J. Hill's recent interview, McKenna said: "People who read the newspapers have just as much information regarding matters as I have." It was conjectured here that McKenna sought the president for some expression in his message to quiet business, and also that he discussed the work of the railroad securities commission.

Today found President Taft still cloistered in his library working his message to Congress. The cabinet meeting postponed from yesterday to today, was again put off to give him further time in which to dictate. He wants to include in his message a statement showing sweeping economies in the appropriations asked by two cabinet members, to serve as a foreword to a warning to Congress that there must be sharp retrenchment all along the line. It was learned today that President Taft's orders to all cabinet members that their estimates must be cut, had resulted in a lopping off of appropriations aggregating \$14,000,000. Gratified with this result, the president today reiterated his command with the hope of affecting still further economy.

Captain Robert E. Peary is willing to leave the decision to the judgment of the American people, as suggested by Dr. Cook, in his confession, regarding the world-wide North Pole controversy. Without open exultation and without any intimation of pity for his fallen opponent in the contest for the glory of discovering the pole, Peary today read Dr. Cook's confession. When the news of the confession was first made, Dr. Cook's confession, were shown to Peary, he read them eagerly and said: "I have absolutely no comment to make." Peary was seated at his desk in the office as expert naval adviser to the Department of Justice. Despite his determination to give no indication of elation, there was a gleam in his eye that seemed to say: "I told you so."

What the shippers ask from the railroads is not higher speed but greater regularity in delivering of freight, said O. O. Ives, of the Boston Chamber of Commerce, at the rate hearing before the Interstate Commerce Commission today. Ives expressed the opinion that the railroads could save much money by improving their terminals, which, he said, were inadequate and in reforming antiquated methods of handling business at the terminals. George A. Post, of New York, President of the Railway Business Association, which is composed of manufacturers and dealers who sell supplies to railroads, testified for a month or two new orders had come in from the railroads and unless there was a change it would cause to a large extent a suspension of the railroad supply business. He hoped that something would be done to prevent a repetition of conditions in 1908 when 600,000 men, usually making things for the railroads, were walking the streets.

Fresh from New York and radiating a smile full of consciousness that he was one of the few republicans surviving the party catastrophes of November 8th, Representative Serrano Payne

called at the White House today. He did not see the president, and would not hazard an opinion regarding the work of the coming session. "Anybody's guess of what we will do is as good as mine," he said.

From Claud Graham-White, the English aviator, President Taft, today received the following telegram: "On sailing from your hospitable shores allow me to thank you most heartily for your kind appreciation of aeroplane flights. I trust that I may have the honor of demonstrating to you the rapid advance in the science of aviation on my return to the state next year."

President Taft today abandoned his plan of representing to Congress on the first day of the coming session the names of his appointees to the Supreme Court and the court of commerce. Although he has been casting about for suitable men since early in the summer, the executive is not yet ready definitely to announce his choice. His plan now, after disposing of his message, is to devote two or three days to conferences with representatives and senators, and then pick out the new appointees to the highest bench and the commerce court. Already some two hundred candidates have been urged upon the president. The executive has had prepared a careful statement, embodying the record and qualifications of each applicant. Next week he will receive delegations which may desiring to urge candidates and talk the matter with his friends and advisors, and then retire to his inner sanctum to pick the men. As yet the executive has an open mind regarding men for the places but it is understood that he inclines toward the selection of Associate Justice Hughes as chief justice of the United States. He also will become a successor to Lloyd W. Bowers, solicitor general.

Harvey C. Miller, of Philadelphia was arrested at Savannah, Ga., today on a charge of violating the Elkins' law by accepting concessions in freight rates.

Edward Taylor, a former well-known broker, committed suicide here this morning by inhaling gas.

Writ of Error Denounced.

[Special Dispatch to the Gazette.] Richmond, Va., Nov. 30.—The Court of Appeals today denied a writ of error in the case of Taylor vs. Washington, Alexandria & Mt. Vernon Railway Company.

Impaled by Hook in Eye.

York, Pa., Nov. 30.—Impaled in a most peculiar manner upon a sharp hook in his father's barn, Jacob Bupp endured terrible agony until help came. Bupp was blundering through the stable in the dark when he ran forcibly against the hook, upon which harness was hung. The steel point penetrated the lid over his right eye and scraping along the bone of his forehead finally protruded from the skin more than an inch above the eye.

Unable to free himself Bupp struggled until his outcries attracted attention. He was found hanging completely exhausted, blood streaming from the wound over his face. The injury is a serious one, but it is not believed that sight of the eye will be destroyed.

Girls Wed to Shirk School.

New York, Nov. 30.—New York's board of education is alarmed over the increasing marriages of Italian girls, of 16 years or less, who become wives with their parents' consent in order to avoid the compulsory education law. Edward B. Shallow, who is in charge of the department of compulsory education, said yesterday that fifteen girls, all under 16 and several under 14, had married and left school within the last three months. While being a wife does not exempt them from school attendance, the board finds it difficult to handle such cases. It is probable that the board will hold a meeting in the near future to discuss the situation.

Communications Cut Off.

Laredo, Tex., Nov. 30.—The absolute cutting off of communication with Matamorras, in the state of Tamaulipas, last night is believed here to indicate that the city either has been captured by the rebels or that it has been severely attacked. There are two lines to Matamorras, both of which were cut within five minutes of each other. Efforts to restore communication have proven unavailing.

There have been rumors for some time that a revolutionary attack upon Matamorras was contemplated.

Another Revolt.

Hong Kong, Nov. 30.—The first revolt against the new Portuguese revolution is said to have occurred at Macao, a Portuguese colony, just below the city of Canton, China. News of the uprising has just been received here. It is reported that several hundred soldiers and sailors joined in the revolt and there is intense anxiety as to the safety of foreign residents.

The revolt was started by the sailors on a gunboat, who marched from their dock to the public square, where they fired three volleys, as a signal to the land forces. The troops immediately joined them. The combined forces marched to the Santa Clara convent, driving the nuns away. The sisters were compelled to seek refuge in Hong Kong.

The rebels then marched to government house, before which they placed cannons. The governor was compelled to listen to the following demands. That he expel religious orders, increase the pay of the sailors, suppress certain newspapers and rectify many wrongs. Under threats, the governor agreed.

Three Men Drowned.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Nov. 21.—Three men were drowned today when the tug General, of the Great Lakes Dock Company, sank after colliding with the steamer Atabasca, off Lime Island, St. Mary's passage, during a snowstorm.

At the annual conference of governors held in Frankfort, Ky., yesterday Woodrow Wilson urged cooperation in the regulation of railroads and corporations by the states.

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DR. COOK'S CONFESSION.

Says He was Half-mad when he Convinced Himself he had Discovered the Pole—Cook says it would be impossible for any person to Demonstrate he reached it.

New York, Nov. 30.—Dr. Cook has made a written statement. He says: "Did I get to the North Pole? Perhaps I made a mistake in thinking I did. Perhaps I did not make a mistake. After mature thought, I confess that I do not know absolutely whether I reached the pole. This may come as an amazing statement, but I am willing to stake the world, if by so doing I can get an opportunity to present my case. By my case I mean not my case as a geographical discoverer, but my case as a man. Much as the attainment of the North Pole once meant to me, the sympathy and confidence of my fellow-men means more."

"Fully, freely and frankly, I shall tell everything—and leave the decision to you. If, after reading my story you say 'Cook is sincere and honest; half crazed by months of isolation and hunger he believed that he reached the pole; he is not a faker,' then I shall be satisfied."

Dr. Cook tells his life story and pictures the overpowering ambition for exploration that beset him until finally it culminated in his effort to reach the pole. He declares that at the time he convinced himself that he had discovered the pole he was half mad. He spent two and one-half years in his quest and during that period endured hunger and privation that, he says, would unbalance any mind.

Cook declares that it would be impossible for any man to demonstrate that he had been to the North Pole. He characterizes the far north as a region of insanity "where one cannot believe the evidences gathered by one's own eye."

He says that he had always looked upon the discovery of the pole as an achievement for his own personal satisfaction—for the satisfaction of a craving and desire that was greater than any other factor in his life. When he found how tremendous a sensation his statement that he attained the pole created, he was overcome with bewilderment.

One of the most remarkable facts brought out by Cook's story is the fact that all the time he has been away, with the shrewdest newspaper men in the world on his trail, with newspapers offering sums that ranged into the thousands for the slightest definite news of his whereabouts, he has never worn a disguise and has never taken any unusual precaution to conceal his identity.

Cook will return to the United States with his wife and children, December 22, in order to spend Christmas among his relatives.

The Crisis in England.

London, Nov. 30.—The coming general elections, with the momentous questions they must decide, have developed widespread violence throughout all of England and Ireland. Partisan, realizing the serious import of the impending balloting, seem unable to control their passions.

The call for the general elections was met with an unprecedented apathy in all England. Then, when the people realized that the whole fabric of English government rested on the outcome, interest was awakened to the fever pitch.

Scores of meetings were last night broken up with violent scenes and today's campaigning is almost dangerous to the parliamentary candidates. Scores of "spendthrifts" have been mobbed in various parts of England, while many candidates themselves have been egged. These outbreaks are not limited to any section, but are occurring everywhere.

Home Secretary Winston Churchill, who is taking a most active part in the liberal campaign, has been made the special target for personal abuse and has been attacked a number of times. The feeling against the young secretary is so bitter that when he spoke in Sheffield today 500 special policemen had to form a square about him and protect him from his political enemies.

The situation in Ireland is even more serious, so far as physical violence is concerned. There has not been a political meeting at which the nationalists and the O'Brienites have not clashed many times with serious results.

The Trial of Miss Le Blanc.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 30.—The court room in West Cambridge was packed today to overflowing by those who believed that before the day ended Hattie Le Blanc, the little French Canadian girl, would be freed of the charge of murdering Clarence F. Glover.

They based their belief on the fact that Judge Bond ruled last night that Glover's statement "that Hattie Le Blanc shot me," was not made when he was in any condition of death.

Judge Bond refused to allow District Attorney Higgins to use this statement in his opening address, and declared he might rule it out as evidence when the case began. He announced that he would give a final decision today.

As soon as court convened, Judge Bond ruled that the prosecution might not bring out in testimony the alleged "dying words" of Glover, in which the girl was charged with the shooting. This was generally regarded as meaning the eventual acquittal of the girl.

Plead Not Guilty.

Jersey City, N. J., Nov. 30.—James J. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor, of New York, on August 9, in Hoboken, today pleaded not guilty to indictments charging him with assaulting Street Cleaning Commissioner "Bill" Edwards and with carrying concealed weapons. Gallagher's plea was made with the understanding that he will be allowed to withdraw it any time and enter a demurrer or ask for a test of sanity. No action was taken by Prosecutor Garven, on the indictment charging Gallagher with assault and intent to kill Mayor Gaynor. Gallagher's trial on the other two trials will take place before the end of December.

Many school children suffer from constipation, which is often the cause of mental stupidity at lessons. Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are an ideal medicine to give a child, for they are mild and gentle in their effect, and will cure even chronic constipation. Sold by W. F. Creighton and Richard Gibson.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

An attempt to establish an aerial intercity air liner service between big eastern cities, with Atlantic City as its base, is now practically assured.

William F. Sheehan, it is announced, will be Tammany's candidate for United States senator from New York to succeed Depeu.

August Belmont testified before the New York legislative investigation committee, yesterday, denying that a corruption fund of \$500,000 had been raised by the racing interests.

A. D. Spear, formerly cashier of the Oberlin National Bank, at Detroit, lured, by Cassie Chadwick of \$300,000 or more, died suddenly Monday night.

Almost a million dollars damage was done and the entire town of Rummelsburg, Prussia, was illuminated early yesterday when four huge tanks containing 2,500,000 gallons of gasoline exploded. The entire town was threatened with destruction.

The price of coffee has gone up two cents on the pound—the second jump within the past month. According to the wholesale dealers, the increase will go higher, because of the fact that the demand is greater than the production.

Sidney S. Williams, 35 years old, well known as a clubman, of Washington, found dead in the sleeping room of the Chicago Athletic Club, at Chicago, Ill., late yesterday afternoon. Although Mr. Williams' death was supposed to have been caused by apoplexy, the coroner is making an investigation.

The next legislature of West Virginia will be asked to pass a law establishing whipping posts. It is argued that the flogging and jail sentences are not the proper punishment to suit the offense. A public flogging it is thought will be more effective in reaching the class of offenders that need to be reformed or deterred.

After 50 years of service as a passenger carrier on the Hudson river the historic old steamboat Mary Powell is to be retired at the close of the 1911 river season, according to plans announced by her owners last night. The Mary Powell in years gone by was one of the fastest boats afloat and was called the "Queen of the Hudson." Fitting ceremonies will mark her retirement.

Prize fighting received a knockout blow in Oakland and Alameda county, Cal., yesterday, when the district attorney issued a notice that no more prize fighting would be allowed. According to him a prize fight is a contest in which one of the fighters is knocked out. The grand jury will back up the district attorney and will indict not only fighters and promoters and seconds, but any of the spectators who can be secured.

A dispatch from Peking says: Serious doubt as to the projected loan of \$50,000,000 to China by an American financial syndicate will be finally concluded is expressed in Peking. Numerous difficulties have arisen, among them being the unwillingness of China to accept a foreign financial adviser. Without such control, it is said that the promoters are unwilling to proceed. The present is recognized as a crucial period in the history of China. If borrowed millions are squandered any calamity will be possible, even a revolution and the partition of the empire.

During a sudden tempest in the Caspian Sea yesterday a landing stage on which were 300 Persian dock workers was dragged from its moorings and swept out to sea. The storm was so violent that attempts at rescue were futile, and all hope that any of the men will be saved has been abandoned. Scores of ships, several with their crews on board, were sunk at their moorings at different Caspian coast towns. Several towns along the coast were flooded by the inhabitants in hundreds of cases being forced to take refuge in haystacks. The plight of the sufferers is pitiable, as intense cold has added to the general misery.

House of Governors.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 30.—The governors who came to Kentucky to confer on how the state should be piloted, have started off by jettisoning a heavy cargo of burning issues and are merrily sailing away on a placid sea of tea parties, banquets and receptions. The governors thus far have absolutely refused to have anything to do with the income tax which was on the programme for discussion. They taboo also all public talk about the popular election of senators which was likewise on the programme.

The questions they declare, verge close to the shore of politics. Some of the western governors who came to the conference to help the advance of progressive political ideas are wondering what they are here for.

The governors of the west expected to tell the governors of the east what the big west thinks of the big issues, but the governors of the east who, as a committee on procedure, control the doings of the conference decided at the last moment that they didn't want to talk about these matters.

And they have also refused to discuss votes for women and uniform laws which the women want. The House of Governors has been the recipient of a bombardment of letters from women's suffrage organizations all over the country, asking that they please do something or at least show where the House stands on the issue. The House dodges the issue.

"The duties of the governors are executive, not legislative," said Governor Wilson, of Kentucky, explaining. It seems to me that the questions of the popular election of senators and the income tax amendment are very important," said Gov. Norris, democrat, of Montana, later.

There is a likelihood that an insurgent movement may develop among the eastern governors who will demand that these issues be discussed before the governors start for their homes.

This morning the house of governors moved from Frankfort, where it held its first session, to Louisville, where the remaining sessions are to be held. Governor Wilson issued a paper on conservation from the states standpoint.

He favors state conservation as against national conservation. He called the national conservationists "faddists," and made the issue state conservation vs. national conservation, as one between the east and west.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

Captain H. S. Nelson, died at his home at Nelson, Sundays aged 74 years. He had been in declining health for two years. He was a brave Confederate soldier.

Mrs. M. J. McGill, of Washington, has purchased the estate in Prince William county known as the "Retreat." The price is understood to be about \$500 per acre.

While driving in his buggy yesterday morning B. K. Robertson, a prominent citizen of Richmond, was attacked by heart trouble and fell dead in the street.

The bureau of drainage of the United States department of agriculture will send a representative to Newport News early next month to study the problem of draining and reclaiming the swamp land in Warwick and Elizabeth City counties a few miles north of that city.

Mrs. Ada George Pilcher, wife of Mr. Theodore C. Pilcher, died at her home at Midland yesterday and her funeral will take place tomorrow. Mrs. Pilcher was a lady of extended acquaintance and her death will be greatly regretted.

Cutting off his own hand with a razor after it had been crushed in a corn shredder yesterday, J. Bruce, Vaughan, of Eureka Mills, Charlotte county, carefully bandaged the stump and calmly awaited the arrival of a surgeon to put the finishing touches to the operation.

The draining of the Richmond reservoir, in which the hat of Mrs. Jeanette Brown was on Monday night found near by, is not complete. Two or three days will be required to get sufficient water from it to determine if the body is there.

Two boys, William and James Thomas, colored, and aged 14 and 12 years, are sought by the Richmond police for attempting to poison the family of a negro farmer, William Randall, by putting Paris green into boiling beef.

The Massachusetts Battlefield Commission has selected a site on the Crater battlefield farm, in Prince George county, a short distance from Petersburg, for a handsome monument to be erected by the state of Massachusetts to the memory of the soldiers of that state who were killed in the battle in front of Petersburg.

A. W. Link, a traveling salesman, representing the Great Northern Manufacturing Company, of Chicago, killed himself in the Shenandoah Hotel at Konoke yesterday afternoon by firing a ball into his brain. Where Link came from is not known. He is said to have been drinking for several days.

Attorney General Williams has asked for the records in the recent primary election cases in Norfolk, with a view to present the case of the Court of Appeals in order that it may be fully decided as to whether the law covers frauds in the primaries. If the attorney general think the lower courts have decided correctly he is not compelled to present the matter to the Court of Appeals but it is claimed in Richmond that the Jackson Wise case was before the court was similar to the cases, and if that be true the attorney general will, of course, submit it.

BOMB WRECKS SALOON.

A kidnapping case, originating five years ago, in which the late Lieutenant Petrosino, who was murdered in Italy, played the part of investigator, is believed to have led indirectly to a bomb explosion in the early hours of yesterday which shook up one of the most thickly populated blocks in New York, did extensive damage and created a panic in the neighborhood.

The bomb exploded in the doorway of the Bella Trivina saloon, in the heart of the Sicilian settlement in Elizabeth street. It completely wrecked the saloon, the front of which was blown inward, badly damaged adjacent stores, hurled sleepers in the tenements above from their beds and cracked windows for blocks around.

Francesco Le Barbera is the owner of the saloon. He had left the place about half an hour before the explosion. Yesterday he gave the police his theory of the animus behind the outbreak. About five years ago, he said, his son Pietro, 6 years old, was kidnapped, and he has never heard from him. The police were notified, and Lieutenant Petrosino worked on the case. Le Barbera received many letters threatening his life if a large sum of money was not paid for the return of the boy, but paid no attention to them, and it is believed by him that the kidnapers are now starting in their revenge.

COURT OF APPEALS.

The following were the proceedings of the Court of Appeals yesterday: Bonds against Camp, fully argued and submitted.

Harris against Shields's executor, argued and submitted.

Darling's executor against Cunningham and others, argued and submitted. Portsmouth Cotton Oil Refining Corporation against the Oliver Refining Company, partly argued and continued until today.

The next case to be called, and probably the last of the term, is that of Neblett against Shackleton, sheriff, and others, No. 23 on the argument docket.

MUST PAY SLAYER'S WIFE \$3,500

The suit by Mrs. Alta M. Ward, of Greenville, Ind., against the Terra Haute Brewing Company, Claude D. Miller, a saloonkeeper, and David O'Donnell, his bartender, for \$10,000 damages, resulted in a verdict of \$3,500 for the plaintiff.

It was alleged in the suit that the defendants sold liquor to Mrs. Ward's husband until he became intoxicated and shot and killed Thomas McIntyre, for which crime he is now serving a life sentence in prison.

The case came to that county from Marion county on change of venue.

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Fighting Anti-Gambling Bills.

New York, Nov. 30.—In addition to the so-called "slush fund" of \$500,000 alleged to have been raised by interests associated with racing to fight the Hughes anti-gambling bills, the organized racing associations and the Jockey Club expended for "legal services" in excess of \$264,000 in opposing the bills.

This was developed by the New York legislative gaunt investigating committee today through the examination of former Senator William H. Reynolds, president of the Metropolitan Jockey Club, and Victor A. Schunburg, secretary of the Coney Island Jockey Club.

"This is an amazing sum to be expended in opposing racing legislation," said Judge M. Linn Bruce, chief counsel for the committee today. We will call witnesses sufficient to find out how this money could have been expended, as it seems inconceivable that more than a quarter of a million dollars could have been legally expended in fighting a bill that was under consideration less than six months. Before Reynolds testified, the committee took up the question of pure milk legislation, probing allegations that a combination of milk dealers had combined to secure the passage of a law allowing the sale of inferior quality of milk. A number of members of milk dealers' organizations, were examined in this connection.

Death of Jim Maco.

London, Nov. 30.—Jim Maco, the noted old English fighter, died today. Maco was at one time England's greatest pugilist and made as he himself termed it "barrels of money" in the ring. Despite his old age he was obliged to apply for a public old age pension of five shillings a week. Maco was born at Beeston, Norwich, in April, 1831, and for years before his death enjoyed the reputation of being the oldest living pugilist. He prided himself on being the one man that the game hadn't killed, and attributed his longevity to careful living and fighting shy of the booze habit.

Maco was declared at one time to be worth \$350,000 but in spite of his ability to keep himself in fine physical trim, he was unable to hold onto his roll, and was in poverty when he died.

Floods in France.

Summe, France, Nov. 30.—Disastrous floods are again raging throughout this section of France. The Loire is far out of its banks, overflowing the military academy grounds and the building has had to be abandoned. The gas and electric plants are submerged, and the city will be in total darkness tonight.

The Maine, too, has left its banks and the entire lower section of Angers is under water, street traffic being tied up. The property loss is heavy. It is reported from Paris that the Seine is rising rapidly, but as yet it has not yet reached the stage it reached during the last floods.

VERDICT FOR PLAINTIFF.

The jury in the case of Chichester, administrator